



University
of Exeter

Inference and Control of Neurons

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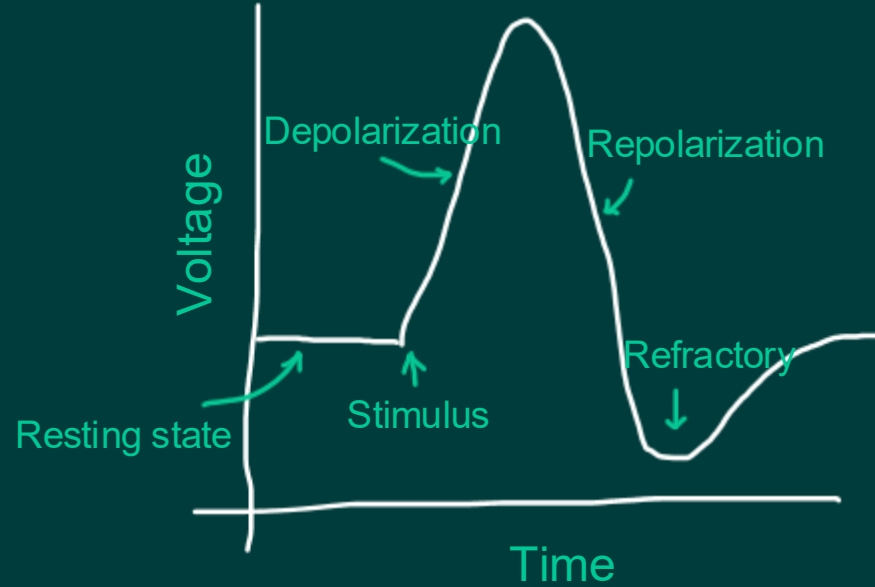
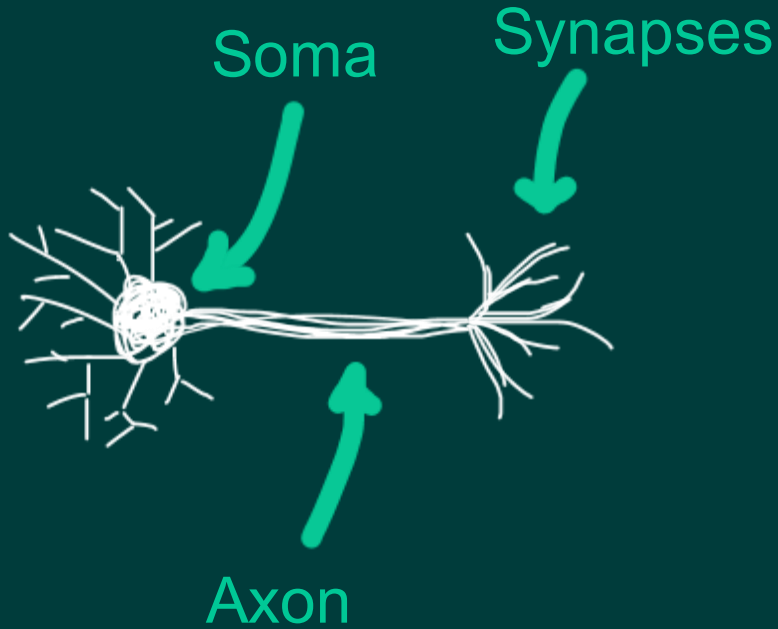
1. Experiment with neurons

joint work with Akshita Jindal, Pragati Thakur
Kyle Wedgwood.

2. Time-series analysis

joint work with Nicolás Rubido, University of
Aberdeen.

What is a neuron?



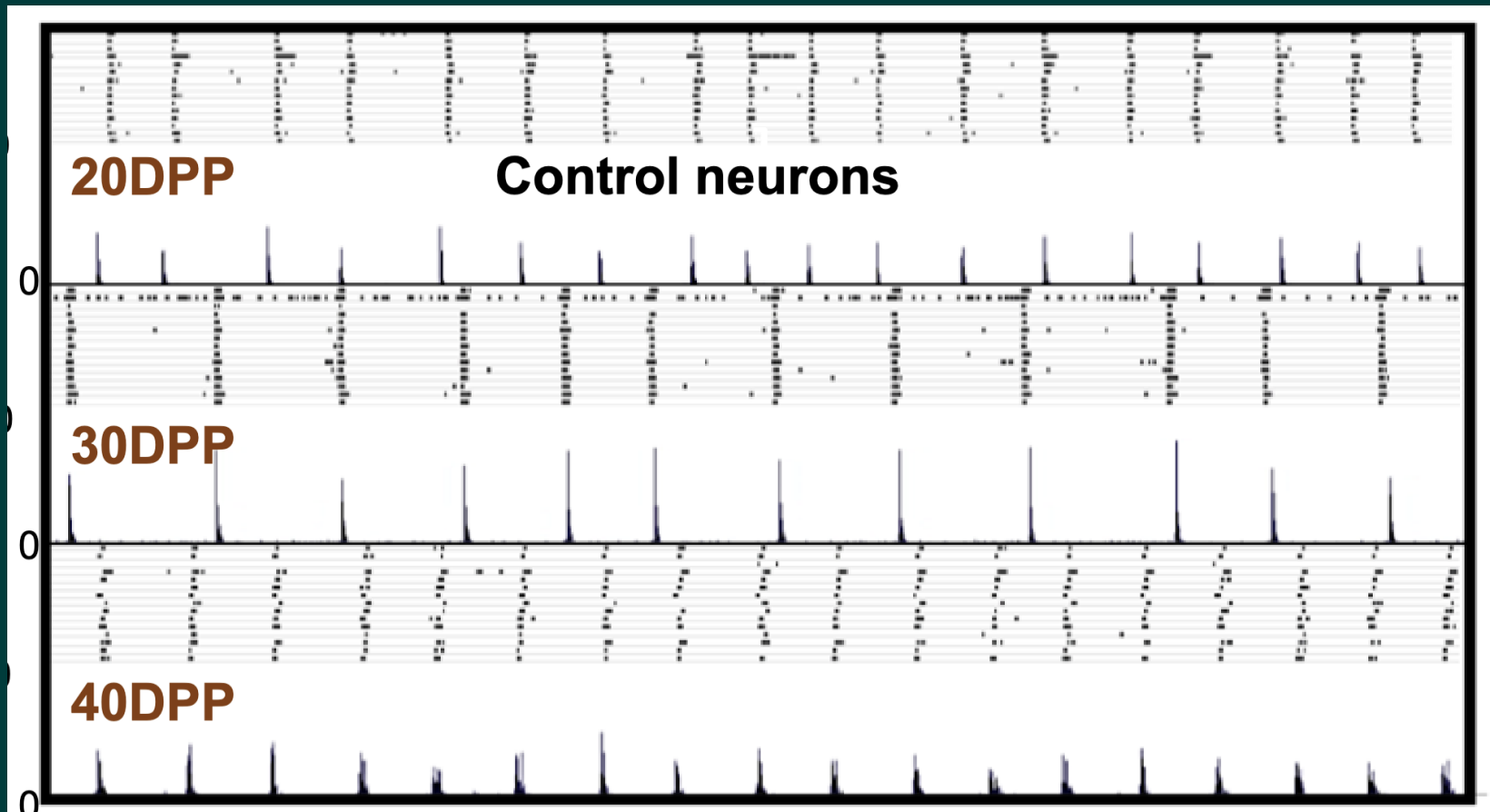
What is a neuron?

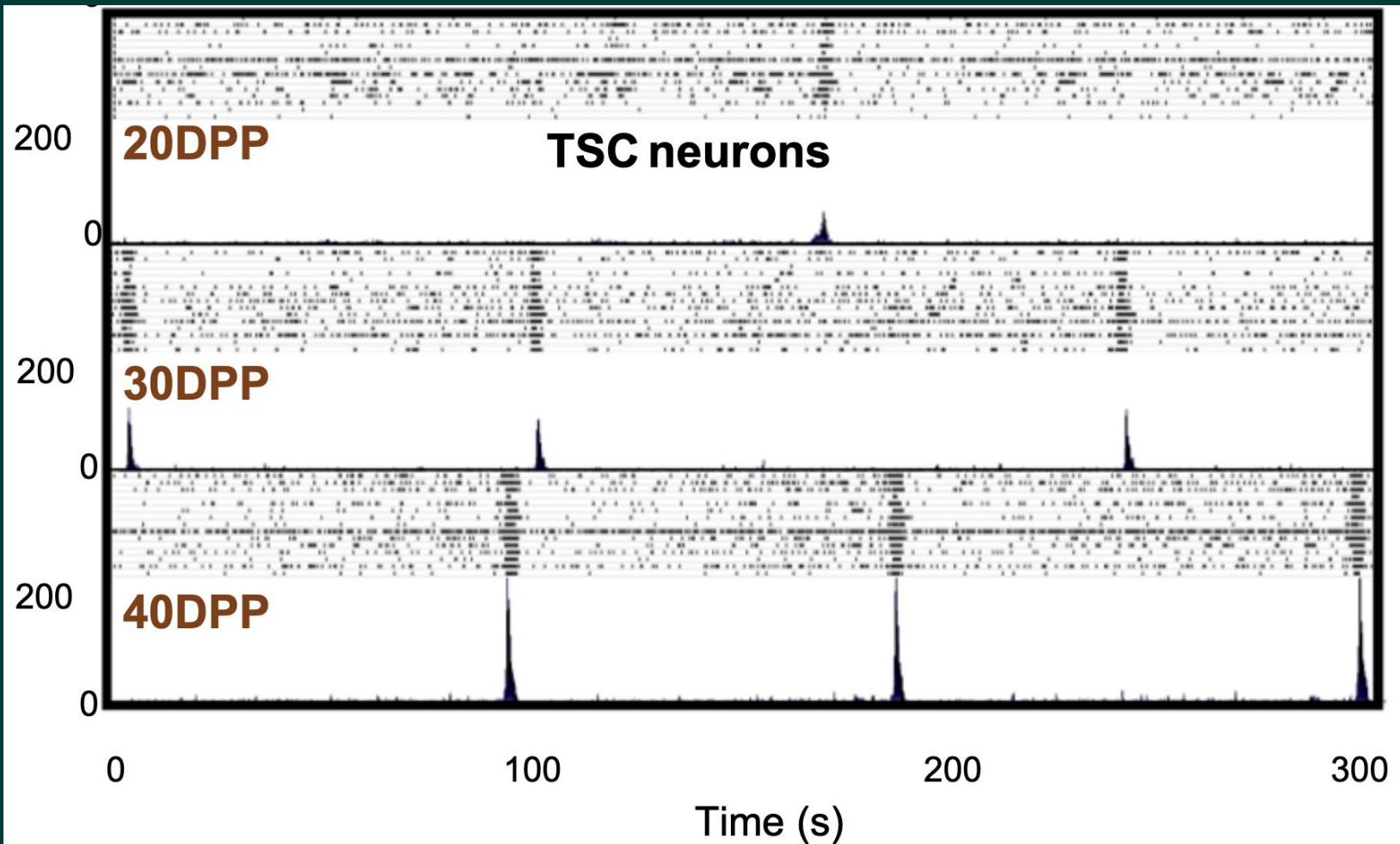
$$\frac{dV_i}{dt} = f(V_i) + \sum_j a_{ij} g(V_i, V_j) + I_i$$

Internal dynamics

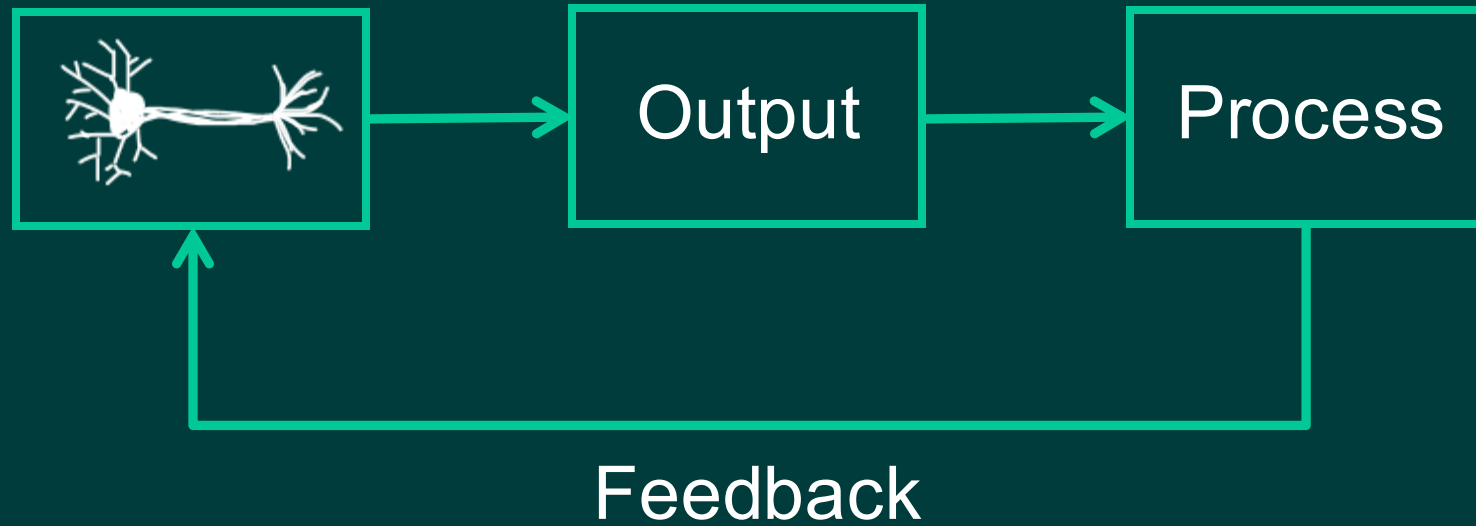
Coupling term
e.g. gap junction

Current including
synaptic coupling





Control networks of neurons



Control networks of neurons

Closed-loop experiment with real-time manipulation of neurons to understand their behavior.

Some challenges:

- Control that is not invasive
- Neuron parameters unknown
- Neuron heterogeneity
- ...

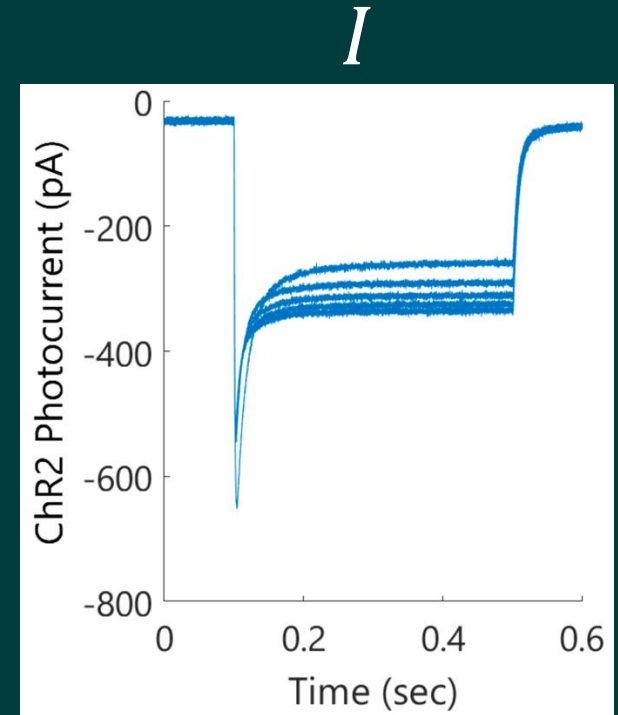
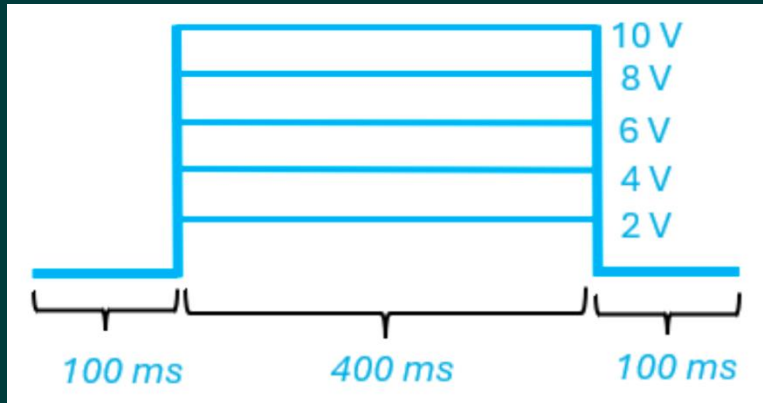
Non-invasive control of neurons

Optogenetics: Channelrhodopsin-2 (ChR2)



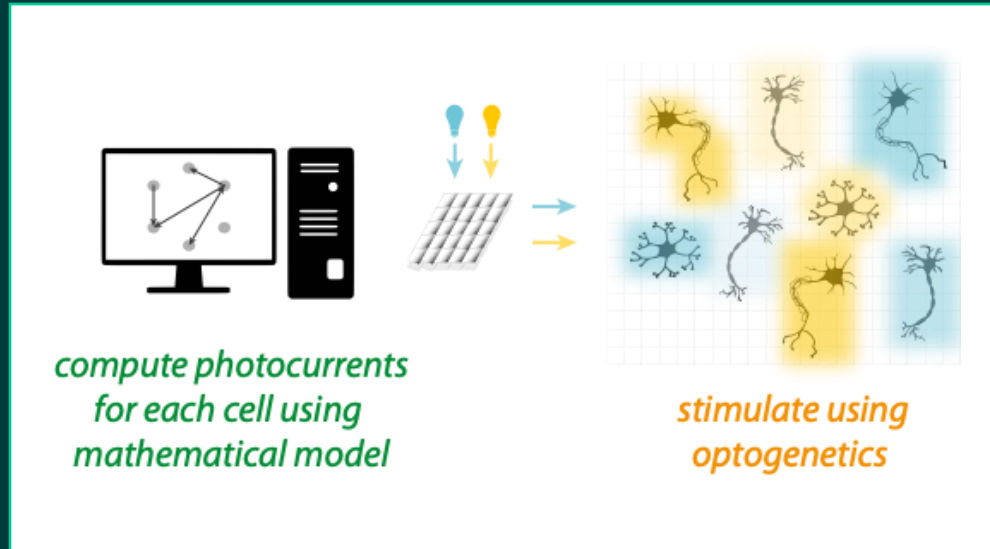
Non-invasive control of neurons

Optogenetics: Channelrhodopsin-2 (ChR2)



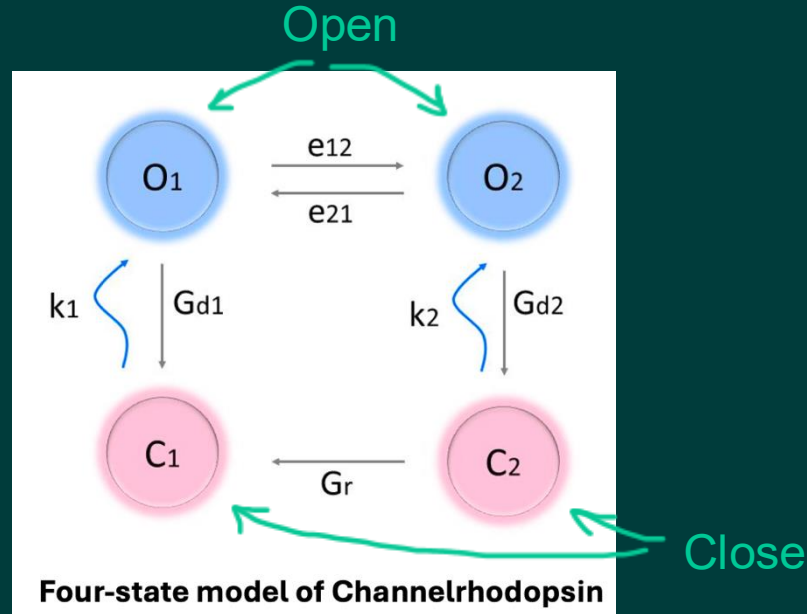
Non-invasive control of neurons

Optogenetics: Channelrhodopsin-2 (ChR2)



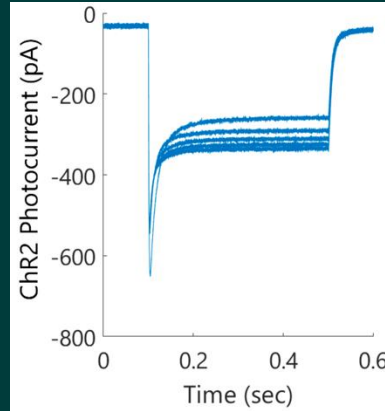
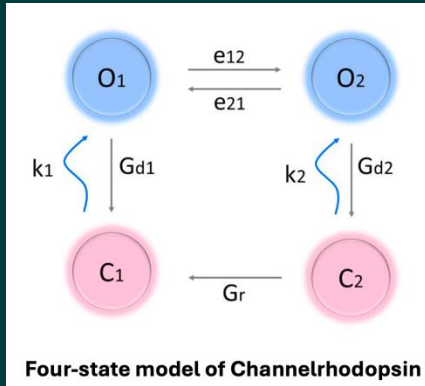
Non-invasive control of neurons

Optogenetics: Channelrhodopsin-2 (ChR2)

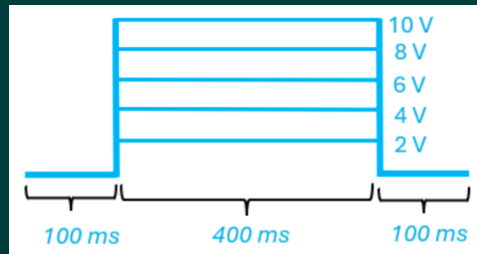


Non-invasive control of neurons

Bayesian Inference



Model
parameters



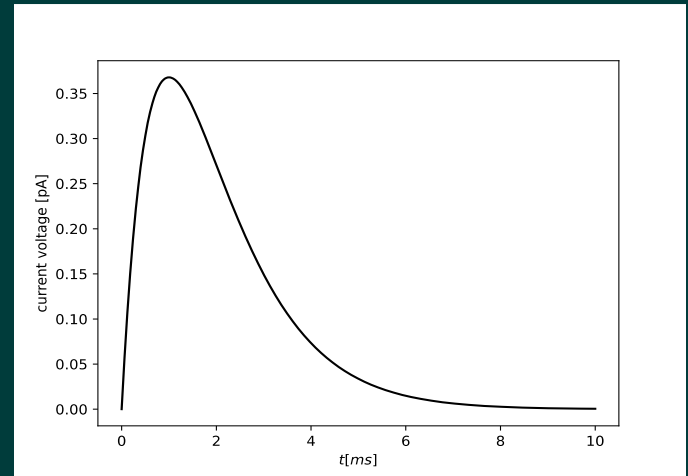
And uncertainty
quantification!

Non-invasive control of neurons

Light design with optimal control



I



Non-invasive control of neurons

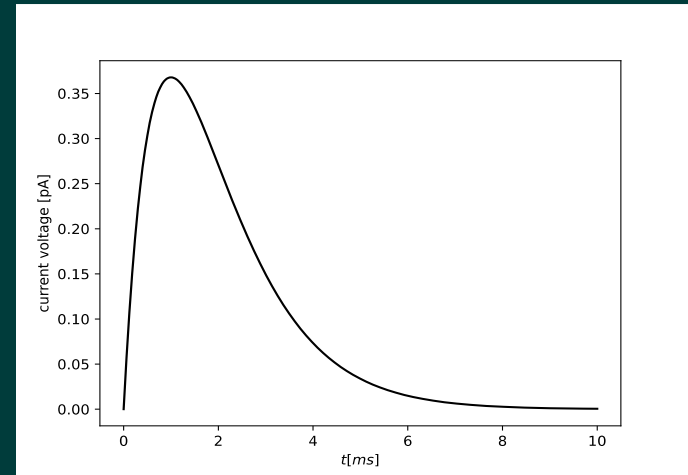
Light design with optimal control



$$F = \int_0^T C + \text{constraints } dt$$



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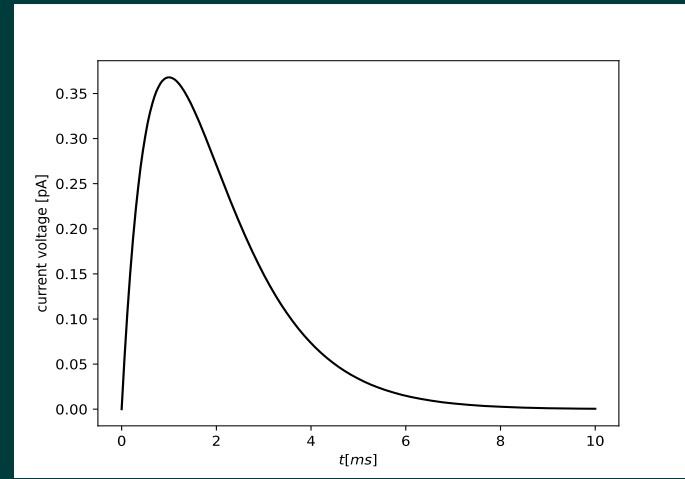
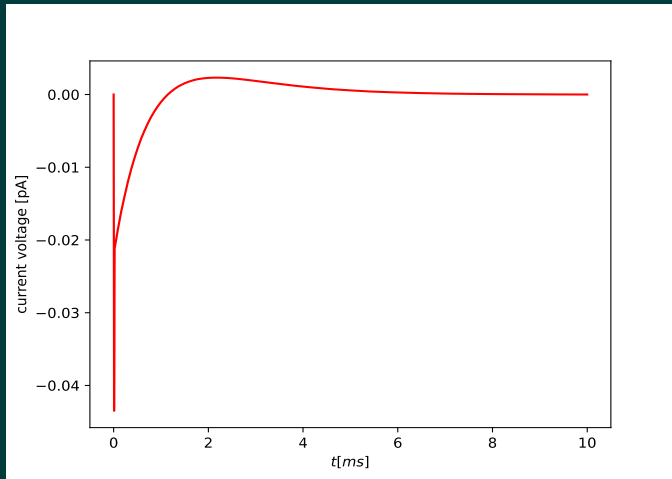


Non-invasive control of neurons

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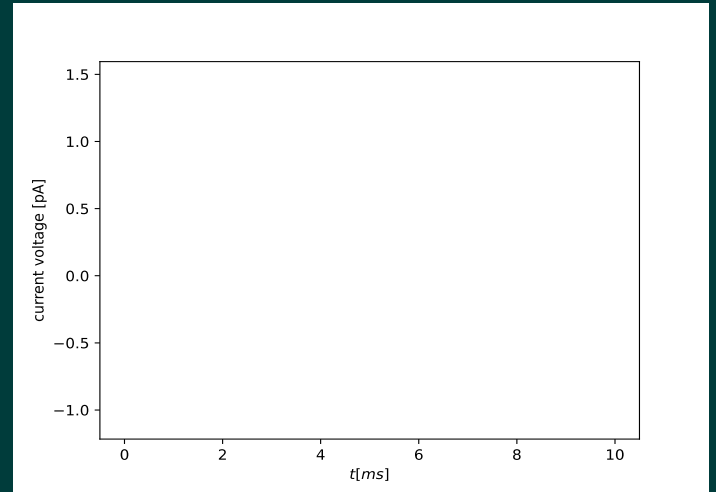
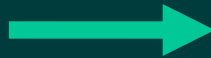
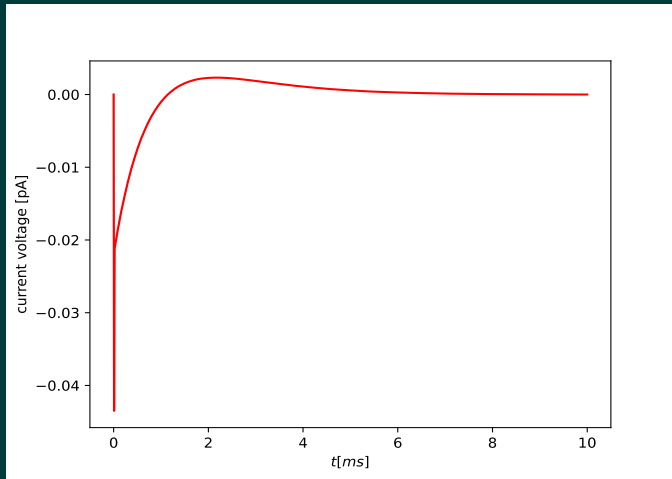


Non-invasive control of neurons

Light design with optimal control



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Non-invasive control of neurons

Validation experiment... working on it.

Non-invasive control of neurons

Validation experiment... working on it.

Next steps:

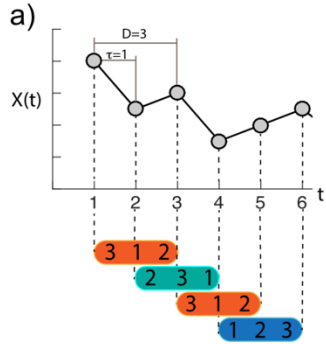
- Use Multielectrode arrays (MEA)
- Devise control strategies to perform specific tasks
- ...

A way to include amplitude information from signals to ordinal pattern analysis (submitted soon)

Nicolás Rubido, University of Aberdeen

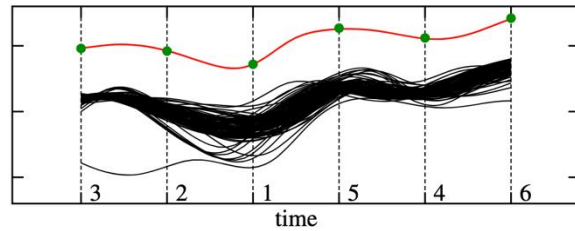
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Ordinal patterns



Zanin, M., Olivares, F. (2021). *Communications Physics*, 4(1), 190.

Amplitudes



Politi, A. (2017). *Physical review letters*, 118(14), 144101.

$$\langle \ln \sigma_i(j) \rangle$$

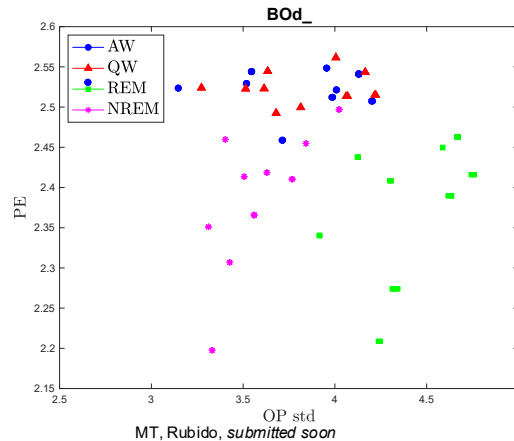
Permutation entropy

$$x = (4, 7, 9, 10, 6, 11, 3)$$

$$H(2) = -(4/6) \log(4/6) - (2/6) \log(2/6) \approx 0.918$$

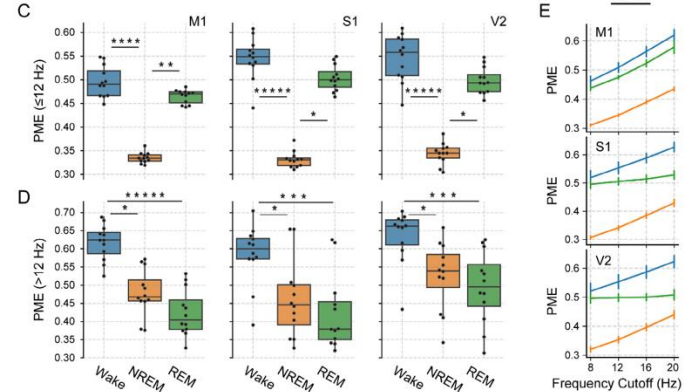
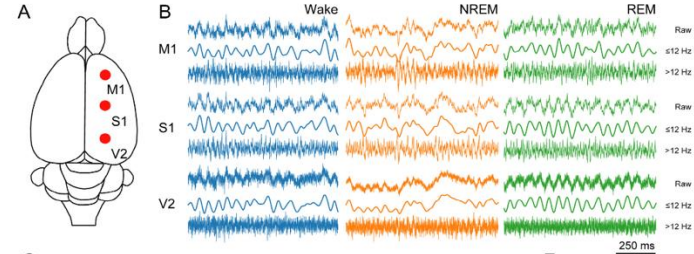
$$H(n) = - \sum p(\pi) \log p(\pi)$$

Bandt, C., & Pompe, B. (2002). *Physical review letters*, 88(17), 174102.



MT, Rubido, *submitted soon*

Sleep/wake states



González, J., Mateos, D., Cavelli, M., Mondino, A., Pascovich, C., Torterolo, P., & Rubido, N. (2022). *Neuroscience*, 494, 1-11.